



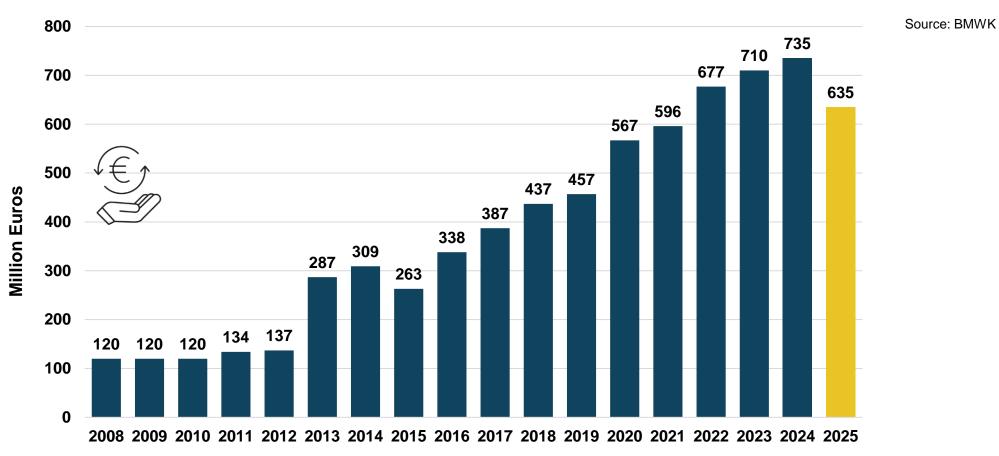




Reporte anual 2024



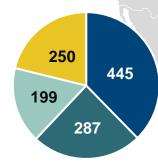
Budget development





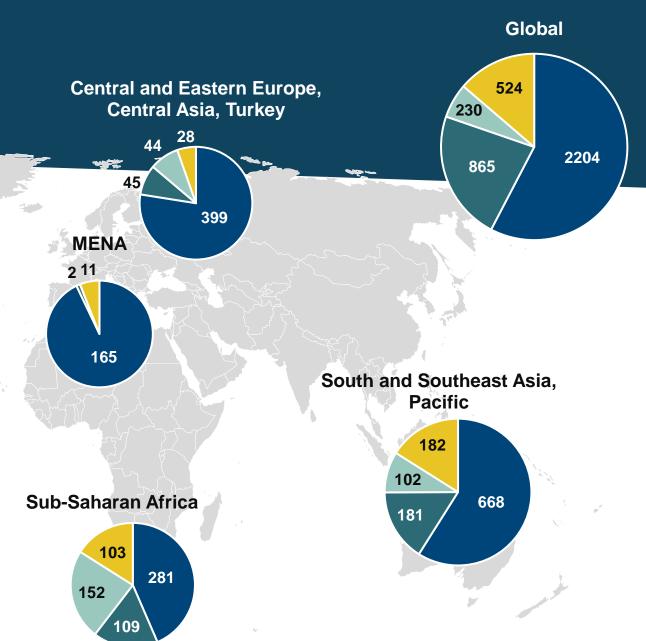
2008-2024, in million euros



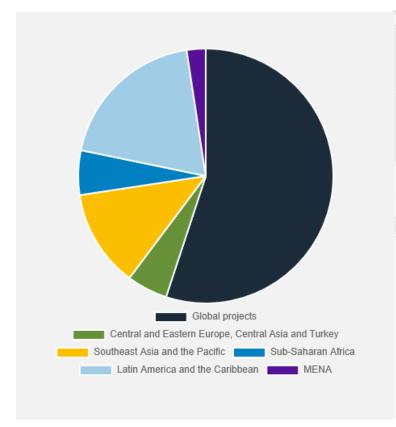


- Mitigation of greenhouse gases
- Adaptation to the impacts of climate change
- Conservation of natural sinks/REDD+
- Conservation of biological diversity





Funding Commitments



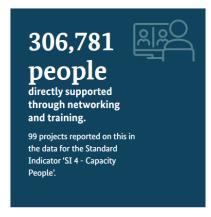
Commitments were distributed across the various regions as follows (rounding differences possible):

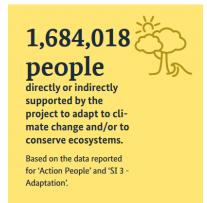
- Global: EUR 458 million
- Central and Eastern Europe, Central Asia and Turkey: EUR 43 million
- South Asia, Southeast Asia and the Pacific (Asia): EUR 103 million
- Sub-Saharan Africa (Africa): EUR 47 million
- Central and Latin America and the Caribbean: EUR 161 million
- Middle East and North Africa (MENA): EUR 20 million

Data source: IKI



Selected IKI impacts, 2015–2023

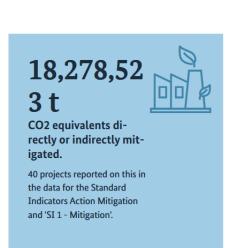


















Medir el impacto de la IKI



Why programme level monitoring?

Programme level monitoring has many functions, for example:

- Promoting accountability: It ensures that public funds are used effectively and for their intended purposes.
- Promoting transparency: By tracking results and impacts, stakeholders, including the
 public, can see how resources are being allocated and the outcomes achieved.
- Informing decision-making: Monitoring provides valuable data that can inform future funding decisions. Understanding what works and what doesn't helps in refining strategies.
- Measuring success and demonstrating impacts: It helps in assessing whether the IKI
 meets its objectives.



Why programme level monitoring?



Source: freshspectrum.com

In the current international political climate...

- Climate/biodiversity action has become a highly politicised issue
- Disinformation is spreading worldwide
- Financial resources are contested
- Pressure to justify use of funds increased

... results / impact monitoring on a programme level is especially crucial for IKI's accountability.



The IKI strategy up to 2030

- Defines how the IKI will contribute to overcoming the climate and biodiversity crises in developing and emerging countries up to 2030
- Bundles competencies of the Federal Government in the lead ministries for climate action, biodiversity conservation and foreign policy (BMWK, BMUV and AA)
- Provides focus as well as flexibility for maximum impact
- Allows for strategic steering of the funding program



IKI targets up to 2030

Raising ambitions

more ambitious NDCs, NAPs and/or NBSAPs

in at least

30

partner countries, including the priority countries

Improving the enabling environment

for cross-sectoral or sectortransformative climate change mitigation, biodiversity conservation, and/or climate change adaptation in at least

20

partner countries, including the priority countries

Implementation

of climate change mitigation, biodiversity and/or climate change adaptation measures through piloting and scaling in at least

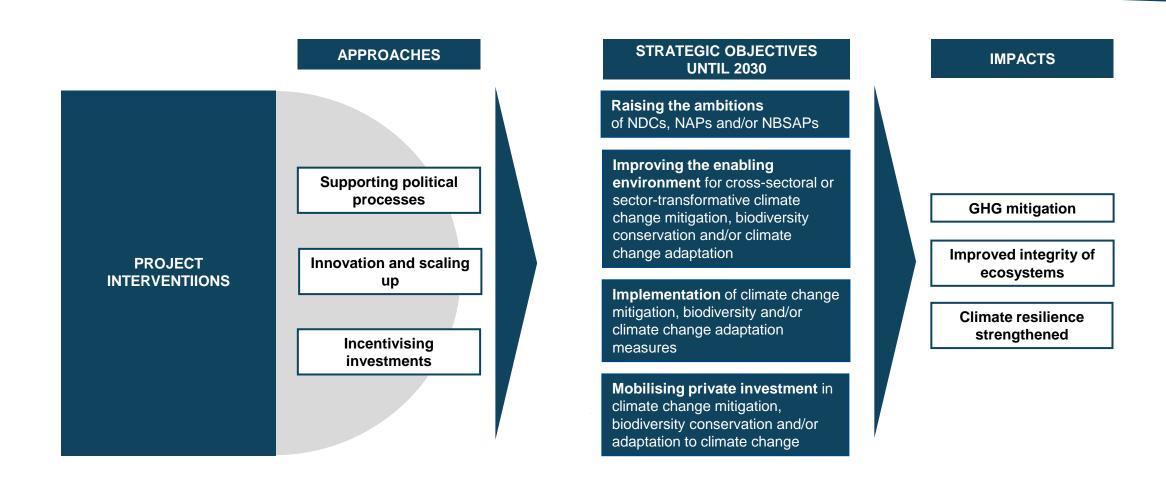
20

partner countries including the priority countries

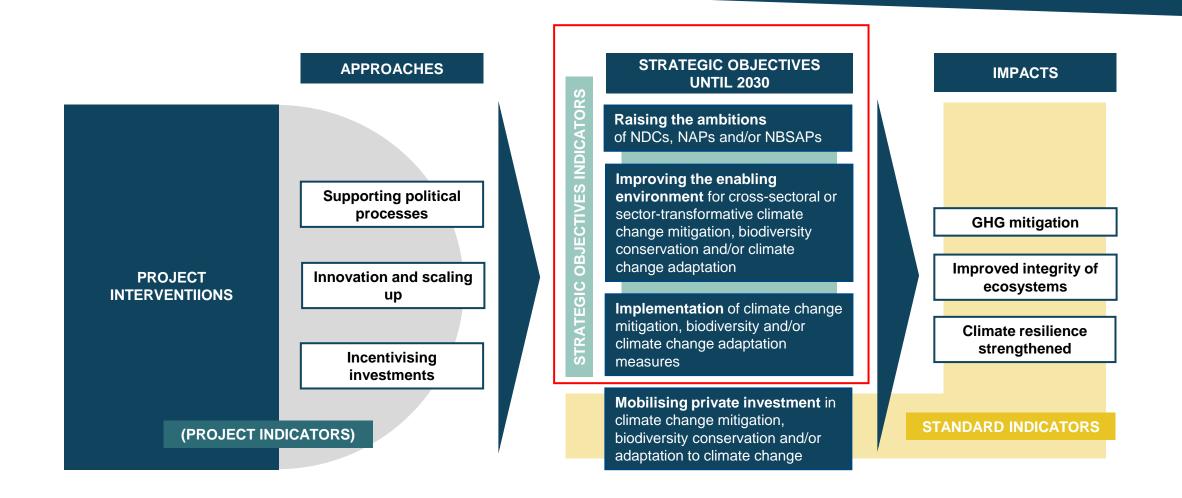
Mobilising private investment

the IKI mobilises investment in climate change mitigation, biodiversity conservation and adaptation to climate change in the partner countries 1,5 billion
EUR private capital

IKI's results framework: What does the IKI aim to achieve?



How do we monitor results on a programme level?



IKI's Standard Indicators

Revised IKI standard indicators (from 2022)	
SI 1 - Mitigation	Greenhouse gas emissions reduced or carbon stocks enhanced directly or indirectly by project measures (in tonnes of CO2 equivalents (t CO2eq)).
SI 2 - Ecosystems	Area of ecosystems with improved conservation and sustainable use due to project measures (in hectares).
SI 3 - Adaptation	Number of people directly or indirectly supported by projects to better adapt to the effects of climate change.
SI 4 - Capacity People	Number of people directly supported by IKI projects through networking and training to address climate change and/or to conserve biodiversity.'
SI 5 - Leveraged Finance	Volume of private and/or public finance leveraged for climate action or biodiversity purposes in EUR.



New: IKI's Strategic Objectives up to 2030

Raising ambitions

more ambitious NDCs, NAPs and/or NBSAPs

Improving the enabling environment

for cross-sectoral or sector-transformative climate change mitigation, biodiversity conservation, and/or climate change adaptation

Implementation

of climate change mitigation, biodiversity and/or climate change adaptation measures through piloting and scaling

Mobilising private investment

the IKI mobilises investment in climate change mitigation, biodiversity conservation and adaptation to climate change in the partner countries

in at least 30 partner countries

n at least ~20~ partner countries

in at least 20 partner countries

1 5 billion EUR private capital



Monitoring of IKI's Strategic Objectives up to 2030

Coming soon: "IKI's Strategic Objective Report – Annex 9"

- Starting with the 2025 annual report (due in 2026), all projects are required to complete Annex 9: IKI's Strategic Objectives Report.
- This report will include a qualitative assessment of how each project contributes to IKI's Strategic Objectives.
- Projects should only report on those Strategic Objectives that are relevant to their work.
- Additionally, the Guidelines for Project Planning and Monitoring will be updated to include a chapter that provides detailed guidance on completing the Annex.





The IKI Office will provide support!



How projects can help to increase IKI's accountability

Allocate time and resources to monitoring and reporting The data you provide is a very important resource for IKI's accountability

- Always hand in Annex 7 (Standard Indicator Report) with your report
- In the future: always hand in Annex 9 (Strategic Objective report)
- Use the support material we provide:
 - Guidelines for Project Planning and Monitoring
 - Specific guidelines for <u>Standard Indicator 1</u>
 - Q&A sessions, etc.
- → Contact the Monitoring / SI Helpdesk for questions







Guidelines on Project
Planning and Monitoring in
the International Climate
Initiative

Version 3 (as of April 2024)

IKI Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Unit



IKI Monitoring/Standard Indicator Helpdesk at IKI Office/ZUG









Please contact us via iki-si-helpdesk@z-u-g.org





Juventud en la IKI



Youth in the IKI

Systematic and enhanced cooperation by, for and with young people for climate and biodiversity action in the IKI

Young people are disproportionally affected by climate change and biodiversity loss

Young people are essential for the global transformation of society, economy and politics

Young people form the majority of the population in IKI partner countries.

- Target group: Young people between the ages of 15 and 30 years from developing and emerging countries
- Objective: Awareness raising, capacity building, networking and active participation of young people in climate and biodiversity action
- Direct exchange with young people to identify their needs and priorities
- Youth page on IKI website for youth content from projects



FACE NDC
Facility for Action for
Climate Empowerment
to achieve Nationally
Determined
Contributions





MUCHAS GRACIAS POR SU ATENCIÓN

Petra Nieland San José, 28.05.25



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